

AGA KHAN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION BOARD

HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE

CLASS XII

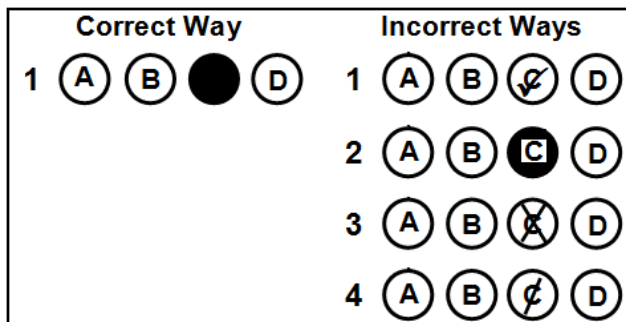
ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS (THEORY) 2023

Sociology Paper I

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes Marks: 50

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Read each question carefully.
2. Answer the questions on the separate answer sheet provided. DO NOT write your answers on the question paper.
3. There are 100 answer numbers on the answer sheet. Use answer numbers 1 to 50 only.
4. In each question there are four choices A, B, C, D. Choose ONE. On the answer grid black out the circle for your choice with a pencil as shown below.



Candidate's Signature

5. If you want to change your answer, ERASE the first answer completely with a rubber, before blacking out a new circle.
6. DO NOT write anything in the answer grid. The computer only records what is in the circles.

1. Social institutions can be CORRECTLY described as the
 - A. tangible infrastructure of a society.
 - B. integrated set of social relationships.
 - C. groups formed to perform a temporary task.
 - D. reforms enforced in a society to establish harmony.

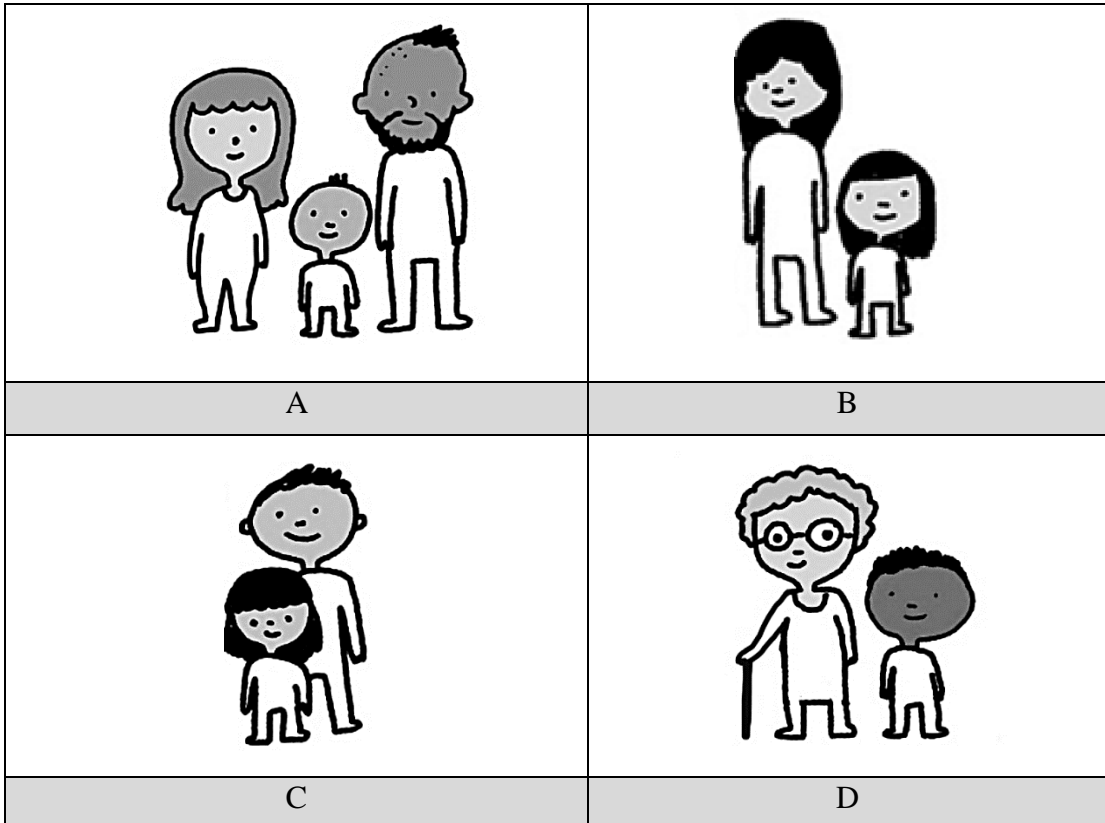
2. One of the functions of a political institution is to
 - A. promote global culture.
 - B. provide opportunities to potential leaders.
 - C. teach civic responsibilities to the individuals.
 - D. preserve customs and traditions of the society.

3. The way through which economic institutions of Pakistan take care of its agricultural sector is by
 - A. providing training to the farmers.
 - B. reforming the land tenure system.
 - C. setting up agriculture research centres.
 - D. ensuring accessibility to the desired market.

4. A common element in all the social institutions is that they work together to
 - A. control the actions of the individuals.
 - B. fulfil the psychological needs of individuals.
 - C. provide economic opportunities to the people.
 - D. regulate the customs of the prevalent cultures.

5. Emile Durkheim envisioned society as an organism which means that
 - A. all institutions work in the same manner.
 - B. each institution plays a role in keeping the society alive.
 - C. every organism requires to live in a society for its survival.
 - D. the organisms that support survival are the most important.

6. The picture which depicts a nuclear family is

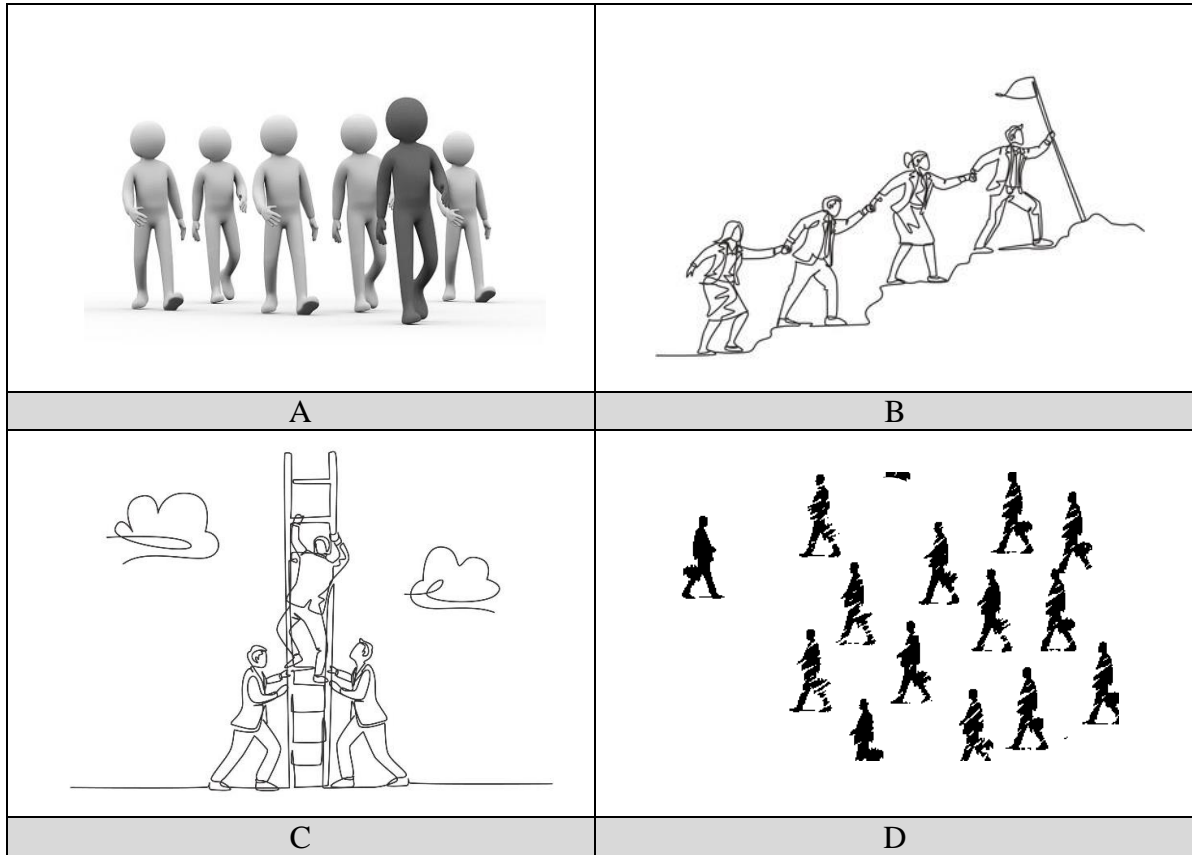


7. In urban communities, social status of families revolves around their material success and the wealth they hold. Due to this reason, a drastic change has been observed in the structure of salaried families.

The given statement describes the change in type of family from

- A. joint to nuclear.
- B. joint to extended.
- C. nuclear to extended.
- D. single parent to nuclear.

8. The picture that exemplifies deviant behaviour is



9. A deviant act committed in a society may be considered normal in another society because it is

- A. dynamic.
- B. temporary.
- C. relative to the norms.
- D. present in some societies only.

10. Social control is required for any society to flourish because

- A. it leads a society to become a civilisation.
- B. individual differences are found in a society.
- C. men can only be governed by force and power.
- D. it helps in the establishment of different social institutions.

11. Bushra is a 50 year old lady who is greatly inclined towards religious practices. She wants to control her aggression which, at times, leads her to abusive behaviour.

With reference to the given scenario, the BEST influence for Bushra to ensure social control would be through the use of

- A. holy words.
- B. the law system.
- C. parental guidance.
- D. teachers' influence.

12. The type of social sanction which is illustrated in the given picture is



- A. formal positive.
B. formal negative.
C. informal positive.
D. informal negative.
13. A good governance is said to be functional when it PRIMARILY keeps in consideration the
- A. foreign relations.
B. welfare of the citizens.
C. global economic market.
D. members of the parliament.
14. The feature of a good governance that is DIRECTLY linked with social control in a society is
- A. participation.
B. transparency.
C. inclusiveness.
D. consensus oriented.
15. One of the elements of a man-made environment is/ are
- A. soil.
B. actions.
C. mountains.
D. ecosystems.
16. All of the following are the major disadvantages of deforestation EXCEPT that it
- A. degenerates the soil.
B. disturbs the food chain.
C. destabilises social hierarchy.
D. destroys habitat of many species.

17. Consider the following characteristics.

- I. Common laws
- II. Social institutions
- III. Level of interaction
- IV. Geographical location

Which of the given characteristics are used to differentiate between a society and a community?

- A. I and II
- B. I and III
- C. II and III
- D. III and IV

18. Which of the following characteristics is CORRECT for rural communities?

A	Heterogeneous population	Social mobility is high	Stratification is based on class
B	Homogenous population	Lack of social mobility	Stratification is based on caste
C	Homogenous population	Density of population is high	Major occupation is agriculture
D	Heterogeneous population	Density of population is low	Major occupation is mining

19. Junaid lives in a village with his extended family. With the introduction of mechanisation, his need on the farm has decreased. In order to support his family, he has decided to move to a nearby city.

The MAJOR push factor in the given situation is identified to be

- A. family ties.
- B. hidden unemployment.
- C. environmental pollution.
- D. lack of education facilities.

20. The BASIC obstacle in countering the problems of rural communities in Pakistan is

- A. casteism.
- B. feudalism.
- C. regionalism.
- D. sectarianism.

21. The problem which exists ONLY in urban communities is

- A. lack of sanitation.
- B. domestic violence.
- C. weak infrastructure.
- D. unaffordable lifestyle.

22. Social change may occur due to natural phenomenon or it is done by people.

The nature of social change that is discussed in the given statement is that it can be

- A. peaceful or violent.
- B. planned or unplanned.
- C. short-term or long-term.
- D. small-scale or large-scale.

23. According to a survey, church membership and attendance declined gradually between 1960s and 1970s in America.

The given social change was MAJORLY caused due to

- A. class conflicts.
- B. natural calamities.
- C. scientific discoveries.
- D. demographic changes.

24. A factor of social change which puts the LEAST pressure on the social structure of Pakistan is

- A. economic activity.
- B. demographic process.
- C. human rights movement.
- D. technological advancement.

25. Despite the fact that the culture of co-education has become common in Pakistan, still many families do not prefer this culture for their daughters.

The element of culture which is responsible for this resistance is

- A. normative.
- B. biological.
- C. tangible.
- D. external.

26. Asim is against the concept of e-commerce. He thinks that it is making people unnecessarily dependent on the internet and mobile phones. According to him, it is better to go and shop from the market as this will increase one's physical activity.

The factor which is responsible for Asim's resistance towards social change is

- A. illiteracy.
- B. cultural lag.
- C. ethnocentrism.
- D. vested interests.

27. According to Comte, which of the following examples can be classified as the society being in the positive stage?
- A. Family planning is immoral and should be avoided.
 - B. The government does not perform well due to lack of political will.
 - C. The world is suffering because of all the wrong done by the humans.
 - D. Nuclear programmes would help in the generation of abundance of energy.
28. Which of the following statements is CORRECT about social change?
- A. It only occurs in modern societies.
 - B. It is the consequence of multiple factors.
 - C. It is more common in primitive societies.
 - D. It can only be brought in through social factors.
29. Any issue can be characterised as a social problem when majority of the population
- A. is affected by it.
 - B. is ready to tolerate it.
 - C. demands a solution for it.
 - D. assumes it as a natural phenomenon.
30. With reference to the conditions of social problems, honour killing has not been termed as a social problem in Pakistan MAJORLY because
- A. there is no legislation against it.
 - B. it affects only the women of the society.
 - C. people consider it as part of their cultural values.
 - D. masses and policy makers do not consider it as a problem.
31. A society is claimed to be overpopulated when
- A. people live in a limited geographical land.
 - B. some of the people access limited natural resources.
 - C. excessive people cannot be accommodated by the environment.
 - D. an appropriate number of people are living in a fixed boundary line.
32. One of the MAJOR reasons of illiteracy in the rural areas of Pakistan is
- A. nepotism.
 - B. secularism.
 - C. traditional values.
 - D. weak infrastructure.
33. A sociologist studying the cause of a suicide case is LEAST likely to consider
- A. bullying.
 - B. physical disorder.
 - C. exposure to violence.
 - D. the family's history of suicide attempts.

34. A huge number of children in Pakistan are seen working in restaurants and workshops. This trend has been generally normalised by the public.

Despite the given scenario, child labour is considered a social problem in Pakistan because it

- A. involves forced labour.
 - B. prevents children from going to school.
 - C. violates a nation's minimum wage laws.
 - D. harms the country's image in the global politics.
35. Gender bias has affected the economic system of Pakistan because it does not include the
- A. female workforce working on the farmland or from home.
 - B. children, under 18, working at the motor garages.
 - C. old-age males working after their retirement.
 - D. workforce of the education sector.

36. The step that can be taken to counter the growing population in Pakistan is to

- A. initiate legislation on child marriages.
- B. instigate consistency on policy implementation.
- C. improve sanitation and cleanliness of hospitals and clinics.
- D. involve religious leaders in awareness campaign of family planning.

37. Drug addicted parents can put their children's wellbeing in danger. These parents may cause them physical or emotional discomfort.

To refrain from the given situation, the BEST step that the government of Pakistan can take is to

- A. teach children about their rights.
 - B. create shelter homes for parents.
 - C. enforce legislation on substance abuse.
 - D. establish rehabilitation centres for parents.
38. One of the ways through which suicide can be prevented in teenagers and children is to
- A. let them live their lives on their own without any adult guidance.
 - B. station a counsellor in each educational institute for their career paths.
 - C. provide them with multiple opportunities to grow and expect excellence.
 - D. understand their strengths and lower their expectations with respect to society.

39. A social research study should ESSENTIALLY be based on

- A. rigid notions.
- B. rational approach.
- C. natural phenomenon.
- D. subjective information.

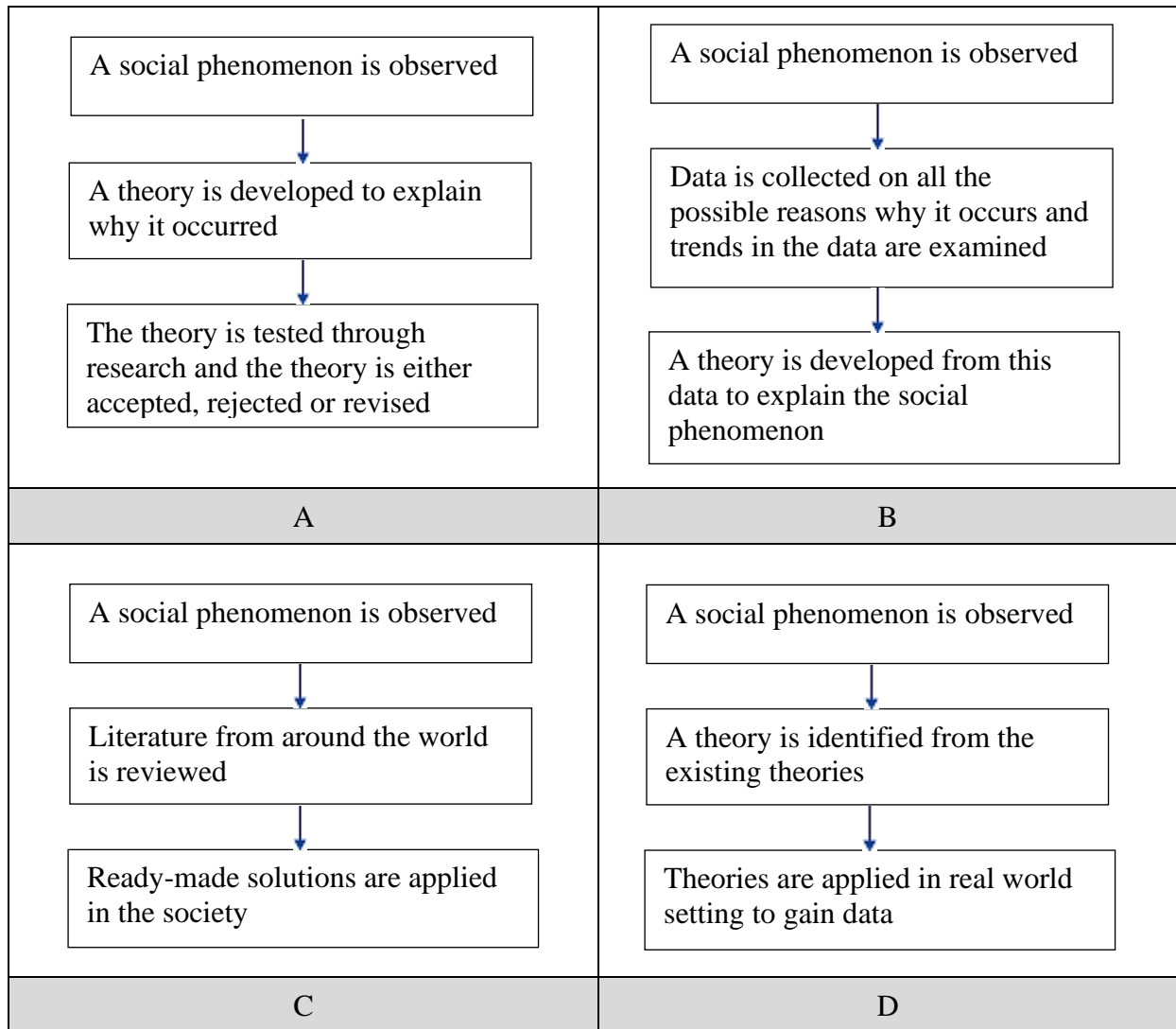
40. The given image illustrates the title page of a research book.



The given image reflects all of the following components of a research study EXCEPT

- A. variables.
 - B. sampling.
 - C. hypothesis.
 - D. literature review.
41. Which of the following statements is TRUE for a hypothesis?
- A. A question that requires an answer in the research
 - B. A question that helps define participants of the research
 - C. A statement that needs to be proven correctly at the end of the research
 - D. A statement that shapes the entire content and approach of the research

42. Which of the following is the CORRECT flow chart of inductive approach to research?



43. The type of on-going research used to solve emerging problems at an educational institution would be categorised as

- A. action research.
- B. descriptive research.
- C. exploratory research.
- D. experimental research.

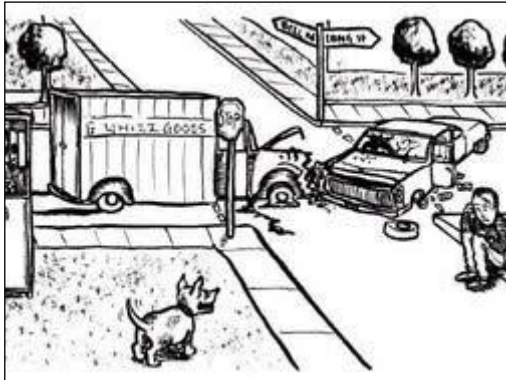
44. Information technology helps in research via data collection and analysis, communication, collaboration, information storage and retrieval.

Which of the following limits the use of information technology in sociological research, especially in Pakistan?

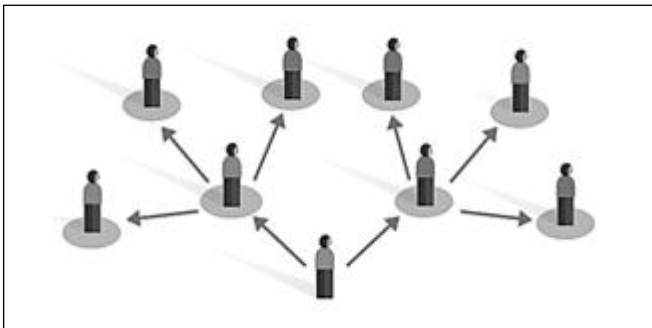
- A. Abundance of piracy issues
- B. Access to computer resources
- C. Increased hacking of the systems
- D. Availability of the required software

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45. Which of the following can be classified as primary data?
- A. An article stating facts from the Statistical Survey of Pakistan
 - B. A presenter referring to the comments made by another anchor on the media
 - C. Responses of the students on the choice of extra-curricular activities in school
 - D. Teacher quoting the outcomes of different research on the use of flipped classrooms
46. With respect to the given picture, which of the following statements can be classified as an observation?

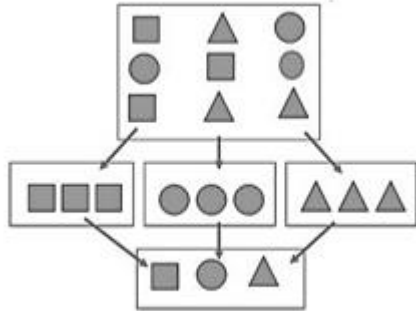


- A. The drivers of both the cars are badly injured.
 - B. The accident happened at the intersection of the road.
 - C. The dog is angry at the humans for creating so much noise.
 - D. The man sitting on the sidewalk is waiting for an ambulance.
47. If a researcher is collecting data through a content study, then he/ she is performing a
- A. telephonic survey.
 - B. document analysis.
 - C. virtual observation.
 - D. focus group discussion.
48. The given picture illustrates the sampling type as



- A. quota.
- B. stratified.
- C. snowball.
- D. simple random.

49. The given picture illustrates the sampling type as



- A. stratified.
 - B. purposive.
 - C. convenient.
 - D. simple random.
50. A researcher conducted research on the social relationships between drug addicts without notifying the participants that he/ she has been observing them. After the research was completed, he/ she shared the findings not only in the society at large, but also with the people observed during the research.

The step of ethical consideration that was compromised in the given situation is

- A. informed consent.
- B. protection from harm.
- C. dissemination of results.
- D. confidentiality of the data.

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